The GCC Quad-Precision Math Library
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1 Typedef and constants

The following data type has been defined via `typedef`.

__complex128: __float128-based complex number

The following macros are defined, which give the numeric limits of the __float128 data type.

FLT128_MAX: largest finite number
FLT128_MIN: smallest positive number with full precision
FLT128_EPSILON: difference between 1 and the next larger representable number
FLT128_DENORM_MIN: smallest positive denormalized number
FLT128_MANT_DIG: number of digits in the mantissa (bit precision)
FLT128_MINEXP: maximal negative exponent
FLT128_MAXEXP: maximal positive exponent
FLT128_DIG: number of decimal digits in the mantissa
FLT128_MIN10EXP: maximal negative decimal exponent
FLT128_MAX10EXP: maximal positive decimal exponent

The following mathematical constants of type __float128 are defined.

M_Eq: the constant e (Euler’s number)
M_LOG2Eq: binary logarithm of 2
M_LOG10Eq: common, decimal logarithm of 2
M_LN2q: natural logarithm of 2
M_LN10q: natural logarithm of 10
M_PIq: pi
M_PI_2q: pi divided by two
M_PI_4q: pi divided by four
M_1_PIq: one over pi
M_2_PIq: one over two pi
M_2_SQRTPIq: two over square root of pi
M_SQRT2q: square root of 2
M_SQRT1_2q: one over square root of 2
2 Math Library Routines

The following mathematical functions are available:

- **acosq**: arc cosine function
- **acoshq**: inverse hyperbolic cosine function
- **asinq**: arc sine function
- **asinhq**: inverse hyperbolic sine function
- **atanq**: arc tangent function
- **atanhq**: inverse hyperbolic tangent function
- **atan2q**: arc tangent function
- **cbrtq**: cube root function
- **ceilq**: ceiling value function
- **copysignq**: copy sign of a number
- **coshq**: hyperbolic cosine function
- **cosq**: cosine function
- **erfq**: error function
- **erfcq**: complementary error function
- **exp2q**: base 2 exponential function
- **expq**: exponential function
- **expmq**: exponential minus 1 function
- **fabsq**: absolute value function
- **fdimq**: positive difference function
- **finiteq**: check finiteness of value
- **floorq**: floor value function
- **fmaq**: fused multiply and add
- **fmaxq**: determine maximum of two values
- **fminq**: determine minimum of two values
- **fmodq**: remainder value function
- **frexpq**: extract mantissa and exponent
- **hypotq**: Euclidean distance function
- **ilogbq**: get exponent of the value
- **isinfq**: check for infinity
- **isnanq**: check for not a number
- **issignalingq**: check for signaling not a number
- **j0q**: Bessel function of the first kind, first order
- **j1q**: Bessel function of the first kind, second order
- **jnq**: Bessel function of the first kind, n-th order
- **ldexpq**: load exponent of the value
- **lgammaq**: logarithmic gamma function
- **llrintq**: round to nearest integer value
- **llroundq**: round to nearest integer value away from zero
- **logbq**: get exponent of the value
- **logq**: natural logarithm function
- **log10q**: base 10 logarithm function
- **log1pq**: compute natural logarithm of the value plus one
- **log2q**: base 2 logarithm function
lrintq: round to nearest integer value
lroundq: round to nearest integer value away from zero
modfq: decompose the floating-point number
nanq: return quiet NaN
nearbyintq: round to nearest integer
nextafterq: next representable floating-point number
powq: power function
remainderq: remainder function
remquoq: remainder and part of quotient
rintq: round-to-nearest integral value
roundq: round-to-nearest integral value, return __float128
scalblnq: compute exponent using FLT_RADIX
scalbnq: compute exponent using FLT_RADIX
signbitq: return sign bit
sincosq: calculate sine and cosine simultaneously
sinq: sine function
sqrtq: square root function
tanq: tangent function
tanhq: hyperbolic tangent function
tgammaq: true gamma function
truncq: round to integer, towards zero
y0q: Bessel function of the second kind, first order
y1q: Bessel function of the second kind, second order
ynq: Bessel function of the second kind, n-th order
cabsq complex absolute value function
cargq: calculate the argument
cimagq imaginary part of complex number
crealq: real part of complex number
cacoshq: complex arc hyperbolic cosine function
cacosq: complex arc cosine function
casinhq: complex arc hyperbolic sine function
casinq: complex arc sine function
catanhq: complex arc hyperbolic tangent function
catanq: complex arc tangent function
ccosq complex cosine function:
ccoshq: complex hyperbolic cosine function
cexpq: complex exponential function
cempiq: computes the exponential function of \( i \) times a real value

clogq: complex natural logarithm
clog10q: complex base 10 logarithm
conjq: complex conjugate function
cpowq: complex power function
cprojq: project into Riemann Sphere
csinq: complex sine function
csinhq: complex hyperbolic sine function
csqrtq: complex square root
ctanq: complex tangent function
cctanhq: complex hyperbolic tangent function
3 I/O Library Routines

3.1 `strtoflt128` — Convert from string

The function `strtoflt128` converts a string into a `_float128` number.

**Syntax**

```c
__float128 strtoflt128 (const char *s, char **sp)
```

**Arguments**:
- `s` input string
- `sp` the address of the next character in the string

The argument `sp` contains, if not NULL, the address of the next character following the parts of the string, which have been read.

**Example**

```c
#include <quadmath.h>

int main ()
{
    __float128 r;
    r = strtoflt128 ("1.2345678", NULL);
    return 0;
}
```

3.2 `quadmath_snprintf` — Convert to string

The function `quadmath_snprintf` converts a `_float128` floating-point number into a string. It is a specialized alternative to `snprintf`, where the format string is restricted to a single conversion specifier with Q modifier and conversion specifier e, E, f, F, g, G, a or A, with no extra characters before or after the conversion specifier. The `%m$` or `*m$` style must not be used in the format.

**Syntax**

```c
int quadmath_snprintf (char *s, size_t size, const char *format, ...
```

**Arguments**:
- `s` output string
- `size` byte size of the string, including trailing NUL
- `format` conversion specifier string

**Note** On some targets when supported by the C library hooks are installed for `printf` family of functions, so that `printf (%Qe", 1.2Q);` etc. works too.

**Example**

```c
#include <quadmath.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main ()
{
    __float128 r;
    int prec = 20;
    ```


```c
int width = 46;
char buf[128];

r = 2.0q;
r = sqrtq (r);
int n = quadmath_snprintf (buf, sizeof buf, "%+-#*.20Qe", width, r);
if ((size_t) n < sizeof buf)
    printf ("%s\n", buf);
    /* Prints: +1.41421356237309504880e+00 */
quadmath_snprintf (buf, sizeof buf, "%Qa", r);
if ((size_t) n < sizeof buf)
    printf ("%s\n", buf);
    /* Prints: 0x1.6a09e667f3bcc908b2fb1366ea96p+0 */
n = quadmath_snprintf (NULL, 0, "%+-#46.*Qe", prec, r);
if (n > -1)
{
    char *str = malloc (n + 1);
    if (str)
    {
        quadmath_snprintf (str, n + 1, "%+-#46.*Qe", prec, r);
        printf ("%s\n", str);
        /* Prints: +1.41421356237309504880e+00 */
    }
    free (str);
}
return 0;
```
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